

A2000

Multifunctional Power Meter

3-348-981-03 23/1.10



Application	4
Instrument Description	4
Instrument Overview	
1	
3	
Factory Default Instrument Parameters	12
Operating the A2000	13
Control Panel	13
Response After Auxiliary Power is Switched On	13
Menu Display for Measurements in 4-Wire Systems	
Menu Display for Measurements in 3-Wire Systems	16
Error Messages	18
Configuring the A2000	19
Configuring the Limit Value Relays	
Adjustment of Display Brightness and Filter	22
Measurement Inputs, Configuring the Synchronizing Input	24
Configuring the Analog Outputs (not with Profibus-DP)	
• • •	
00 1 7 0	
Uploading and Deleting Parameters, Setting the Clock	36
Electrical Connections and Circuits	38
Interface Description	41
General	
Communications Protocol	42
Dimensional Drawing	43
	Instrument Overview Inputs, Outputs and Interfaces Available Measurement Data Possible A2000 Parameter Settings Factory Default Instrument Parameters Operating the A2000 Control Panel Response After Auxiliary Power is Switched On Menu Display for Measurements in 4-Wire Systems Menu Display for Measurements in 3-Wire Systems Error Messages Configuring the A2000 Configuring the Limit Value Relays Adjustment of Display Brightness and Filter Measurement Inputs, Configuring the Synchronizing Input Configuring the Analog Outputs (not with Profibus-DP) Configuring the So Pulse Outputs Data Logger Display and Configuration Configuring the Energy Meter Mode/Low Tariff Interface Configuration Uploading and Deleting Parameters, Setting the Clock Electrical Connections and Circuits Interface Description General Communications Protocol

^-	-4-	
UΟ	nte	nts

3	Technical Data	44
9	Maintenance – Device Return and Environmentally Sound Disposal	46
10	Repair and Replacement Parts Service Calibration Center and Rental Instrument Service	47
11	Product Support	47

1 Application

The A2000 measuring instrument is used for the analysis and monitoring of 3-phase current systems. It can be operated with internal transformers in 3-phase current systems of up to 5 A and 500 V nominal voltage, and can perform measurements in medium-voltage systems in combination with external current and voltage transformers.

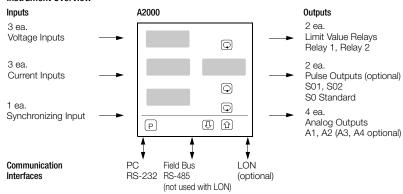
The A2000 acquires voltages, current, frequency and phase displacement in 3 and 4-wire systems. It calculates active, reactive and apparent power, active and reactive energy, as well as the power factor for the individual phases based upon these values.

An FFT (= Fast Fourier Transformation) is performed on the basis of the currents and phase voltages and the harmonic waves are determined up to the 15th harmonic. For the phase voltages, the harmonic distortions of the individual harmonics are indicated as well as the total harmonic distortion, for the currents, the respective RMS values are indicated.

Transformation ratios can be entered to the instrument, which means that all primary measurement data can be displayed directly at the A2000. Maximum values are stored to memory for every measured or calculated quantity. If limit values are exceeded, corrective action can be triggered via relay outputs. Energy meters, recorders, data loggers and control loops can be connected to the digital and analog outputs. The instrument can be integrated into a field bus system or a LON network with the communications interfaces, or its parameters can be configured with a PC.

2 Instrument Description

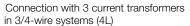
2.1 Instrument Overview

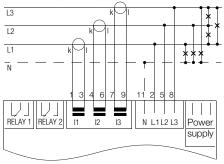


2.2 Inputs, Outputs and Interfaces

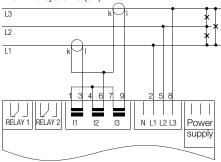
Current Inputs

All current inputs are isolated from one another. If measurements are performed with external transformers, their primary and secondary current values must be entered, in order to enable direct display of current values. Switching between the two meas. ranges (1 A and 5 A) is accomplished via software.

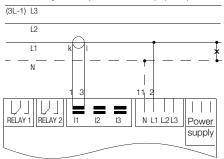




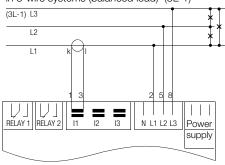
Connection with 2 current transformers in 3-wire systems (3L)



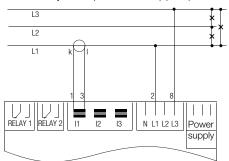
Connection with 1 current transformer in 4-wire systems (balanced load) (3L-1)



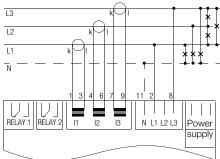
Connection with 1 current transformer in 3-wire systems (balanced load) (3L-1)



Connection with 1 current transformer in 3-wire systems (balanced load) (3L13)



Connection with 3 current transformers in 4-wire systems (Open Y) (4L13)



For this connection type the accuracy values for the measurement of power, energy and power factor are only observed in the case of low-distortion tension. The setting "Compensating reactive power" is not possible.

Voltage Inputs

Each voltage measurement input is provided with a safety impedance (incl. the N conductor). Measurements within 3-phase systems of up to 500 V are possible without the use of external transformers.

Mains Supply Power

Mains supply power must correspond to the specified values indicated on the serial plate. Correct connection is absolutely essential!

Synchronizing Input

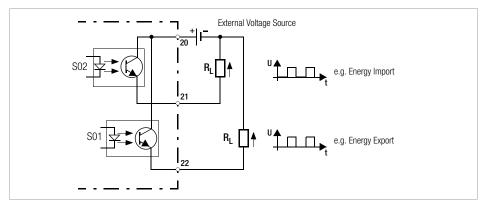
The synchronizing input is used to select the interval for calculation of the consumption value. An external, potential-free contact must be used to drive this input. However, synchronization can also be internally controlled with the software. Alternatively, a switch-over between low tariff and high tariff is possible with the synchronizing input (see chapter 4.7 on page 33).

Relay Outputs

Limit values can be monitored for every measured or calculated quantity. These limit values can be assigned to the relay outputs.

Pulse Outputs

The values for measured reactive and active energy can be read out at the pulse outputs in the form of standard S0 pulses for the driving of electromechanical counting mechanisms.



Analog Outputs

Each measured or calculated quantity can be assigned to one of the analog outputs. Exception: FFT-values, which can only be read out via the RS-232 and RS-488 interfaces. This allows for the logging or driving of secondary control loops. The outputs can be configured as voltage or current outputs with the help of the DIP switches.

Communications Interfaces

The A2000 is provided with RS232 and RS485 interfaces as standard equipment. The RS485 interface is not included with the LON model due to space limitations.

The **RS232** interface allows for the transmission of measurement values from the A2000 to a PC, as well as external instrument configuration. The chapter entitled "Interface Description" on page 41 provides detailed information regarding the generation of user specific programs. The **RS485** field bus interface allows for the interconnection of up to 32 instruments.

2.3 Available Measurement Data

	Individual Phases				Collective Values				
Phase Voltages	U1	U3	U1 _{max}	U3 _{max}	U ₂ ⁴⁾		U $_{\Sigma \text{ max}}$ 5)		
Delta Voltages	U12, U23	3, U31	U12 max	U31 _{max}	U _{Δavg} ⁴⁾		U _{∆avg max} 5)		
Phase Current	l1	13	I1 _{max}	I3 _{max}		1 2 ⁴⁾	I _{Σ ma}	5) x	
Averaged Phase Current	I1 avg	I3 avg	I1 avg max	13 avg max		I _{avg Σ} ⁴⁾	I _{avg Σ m}	5) ax	
Neutral Conductor current	In		In _{ma}			_			
Averaged Neutral Conductor Current	In _{avg}		In _{avgr}			_	_		
Line Frequency	_		_			f	<u> </u>		
Active Power	P1	P3	P1 max	P3 _{max}		P _Σ	$_{\Sigma}$ $P_{\Sigma \max}$		
Reactive Power	Q1	Q3	Q1 _{max}	Q3 _{max}	Q _Σ		Q _{Σ max}		
Apparent Power	S1	S3	S1 _{max}	S3 _{max}		S _Σ	S _{Σ max}		
Power Factors	PF1	PF3	PF1 _{min} PF3 _{min}		PF_{Σ}		$PF_{\Sigma min}$		
Energy Mode	L123 1)	LTHT ²⁾	L123 1)	LTHT ²⁾	L123 ¹⁾	LTHT ²⁾	L123 1)	LTHT ²⁾	
Active Energy	E _{P1} E _{P3}	-	_	-	E _{PΣ}	$E_{P\Sigma L-}, E_{P\Sigma L+} = 3$	-	_	
Reactive Energy	E _{Q1} E _{Q3}	-	_	-	$\begin{array}{c c} E_{Q\Sigma} & E_{Q\Sigma L-}, E_{Q\Sigma L+} & 3) \\ E_{Q\Sigma H-}, E_{Q\Sigma H+} & \end{array}$		_	_	
Intervalic Active Energy	-		_	– P _{int Σ}		P _{int Σ}		max	
Interv. Reactive Energy	-		-		Q int Σ		Q _{int Σ max}		
Interv. Apparent Energy	_		_		S int Σ		S _{int Σ max}		
THD, 1 st 15 th harmon.	U1h I1h		U1hmax U3hmax, I1hmax I3hmax		_				

¹⁾ L123 = individual phases L1, L2, L3

- The determination of measured and calculated quantities is performed in accordance with DIN 40110 part 1.2 4.96 (non-sinusoidal quantities).
- PEN conductor current is not taken into consideration for the calculation of collective phase current and collective apparent power.
- The averaging of currents I1_{avg} ... I3_{avg} , In_{avg} is performed in the same manner as with a bimetallic indicator, with a setting time of approx. 10 min relative to 99% of the final value.

²⁾ LTHT = low tariff (LT) high tariff (HT)

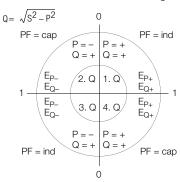
L = low tariff, H = high tariff, + = import, - = export

⁴⁾ only via interface and as a source for relay and analog output

⁵⁾ only via interface

Display of Reactive Power

d₁ n = calculation of reactive power per DIN 40110 without + or - sign



CanP = compensating reactive power (reactive power is only produced if current and voltage have different + or - signs)

$$Q = -\frac{2}{TN} \cdot \int_{0}^{TN} u(t) \cdot i(t) dt$$
for $u(t) \cdot i(t) < 0 = 0$

$$PF = 1.0$$

$$P = -$$

$$Q = 0$$

$$Q = +$$

$$Q = 0$$

$$Q = +$$

$$E_{Q+}$$

$$E_{Q+}$$

$$E_{Q+}$$

$$E_{Q+}$$

$$E_{Q-}$$

$$A \cdot Q \cdot E_{Q+}$$

$$E_{Q-}$$

$$E$$

 $5i \, \text{Lin} = \text{calculation of reactive power with + or-}$

$$Q = \frac{1}{TN} \cdot \int_{0}^{TN} u(t) \cdot i\left(t - \frac{TN}{4}\right) dt \qquad 0$$

$$PF = ind$$

$$P = -$$

$$Q = +$$

$$Q = -$$

Calculation of Collective Values

$$\begin{split} & U_{\Delta \text{avg}} = (U_{12} + U_{23} + U_{31})/3 \\ & U_{\Sigma} = \sqrt{U_{1}^{2} + U_{2}^{2} + U_{3}^{2}} \\ & I_{\Sigma} = \sqrt{I_{1}^{2} + I_{2}^{2} + I_{3}^{2}} \text{ (without } I_{\text{N}}) \\ & S_{\Sigma} = U_{\Sigma} \cdot I_{\Sigma} \\ & P_{\Sigma} = P_{1} + P_{2} + P_{3} \\ & Q_{\Sigma} = \sqrt{S_{\Sigma}^{2} - P_{\Sigma}^{2}} \text{ (per DIN)} \\ & Q_{\Sigma} = Q_{1} + Q_{2} + Q_{3} \text{ (others)} \\ & PF_{\Sigma} = P_{\Sigma}/S_{\Sigma} \end{split}$$

Possible A2000 Parameter Settings 2.4

Inputs 4 or 3-Wire	Primary Transformer Phase Conductor	Secondary Transformer Phase Conductor	Transformer Primary Current	Transformer Secondary Current	Synchronization Pulse	
Connection	100 V 800 kV	100 V 500 V	1 A 150 kA	1 A, 5 A	external or internal: 1 60 minutes	
Relay 1, 2	Source	Limit Value	Hysteresis	Delay	Alarm Memory	
Max, Min	1) 4)	2)	0 9999 Digit	0 30 min	off, on	
Analog Outputs	Source	Output	Start Source	End Source		
1 4	1) 3)	0 20 mA 4 20 mA -20 +20 mA -10 +10 mA	2)	2)		
Pulse Outputs	Source	Energy Type	Energy Direction	Pulse Rate	Tariff	
S01, S02	L1, L2, L3, Σ	Active, Reactive Energy	Import, Export	1 5000 pulses/kWh (MWh) 1 5000 pulses/kVArh (MVArh)	High, low tariff	
Display	Brightness 0 7	Filter 0 30 s				
Interfaces	Address	Baud Rate		Parity	Protocol	
RS-232, RS-485	0 254	1200, 2400, 4800, 9600, 19200		Even, odd, space, no	E244, 870, Mod1, Mod2	
Energy Meter	Mode			Swith-over high/low tariff		
	L123 / LTHT ⁵⁾			Clock / Synchr. input		
Reactive Power	per DIN / with +/- sign	/ for Compensation				

¹⁾ Possible sources (see below)

²⁾ Limits are dependent upon the selected transformation ratio at the voltage or current transformer

³⁾ Interval –1 applies to P_{int}, Q_{int} or S_{int} (for recording max. values)
4) Interval 0 applies to P_{int}, Q_{int} or S_{int} (current shutdown interval for shutdown options)
5) L123 = individual phases L1, L2, L3; LTHT = low tariff high tariff

Possible Parameter Setting, Data Logger

Trigger: rel	ay 1, relay 2, both, off	Pretrigger:	0%, 25%, 50%, 75%	Disable Trigger: external (synchronizing input), off
Sampling Time:	0,3 s, 0,6 s, 1 s, 2 s, 5 s, 10 s, 15 s, 30 s, 1 min, 2 min, 5 min, 10 min, 15 min, 30 min		1 min, 2 min, 5 min, 10 min, 15 min, 30 min, 1 h, 2 h, 4 h, 8 h, 12 h, 1 day, 2 day, 4 day	Storemode: cyclic, once
Trace 1	12: Source, off			

Possible Sources for Relays, Analog Outputs and Logger

	UΔ	U人	I	I avg	Р	Q	S	PF	Fre- quency	P int	Q int	S int	Ext
Source	U12	U1	11	I1 _{avg}	P1	Q1	S1	PF1					
	U23	U2	12	I2 _{avg}	P2	Q2	S2	PF2					Actu-
	U31	U3	13	13 _{avg}	P3	Q3	S3	PF3	f	D	0	c	tion via inter-
	U _{∆mean}	UΣ	lΣ	$I\Sigma_{avg}$	ΡΣ	QΣ	SΣ	PFΣ	1	P _{intΣ}	Q $_{int\Sigma}$	S $int\Sigma$	face (not for
	_	_	In	In _{avg}	_	_	_	_					logger)
	for all Phases (only for Relays)												

Additional Sources for Logger

	EP	EQ	l hd	U hd
Source	EP1 / EP Σ_{L-}	EQ1 / EQΣ _L _	l thd	U thd
	${\sf EP2} / {\sf EP}\Sigma_{\sf L+}$	EQ2 / EQ Σ_{L+}	l 1.hd	U 1.hd
	EP3 / EPΣ _H -	EQ3 / EQΣ _H -	· .	
	$EP\Sigma$ / $EP\Sigma_{H+}$	$EQ\Sigma$ / $EQ\Sigma_{H+}$	l 15.hd	U 15.hd

2.5 Factory Default Instrument Parameters

Inputs	Primary Transformer Phase Conductor	Secondary Transformer Phase Conductor	Transformer Primary Current	Transformer Secondary Current	Synchronization Pulse	
4-Wire	500 V	500 V	5 A	5 A	Internal, 15 minutes	
	Source	Limit Value	Contact Type	Hysteresis, Delay	Alarm Memory	
Relay 1	11	5 A	Max	0	off	
Relay 2	U1	240 V	Max	0	off	
	Source	Output	Start Source	End Source		
Analog Output 1	ΡΣ	4 20 mA	0 W	2000 W		
Analog Output 2	QΣ	4 20 mA	0 VAr	1000 VAr		
Analog Output 3	12	4 20 mA	0 A	5 A		
Analog Output 4	U2	4 20 mA	0 V	250 V		
	Source	Energy Type	Energy Direction	Pulse Rate	Tariff	
S01	ΕΡΣ	Active Energy	Import	10 pulses/kWh	High tariff	
S02	ΕΡΣ	Active Energy	Export	10 pulses/kWh	High tariff	
Display	Brightness 5	Filter 0				
RS-232, RS-485	Baud Rate 9600	Address 250	Parity Even	Protocol E244		
Energy Meter	Mode LTHT					
Reactive Power	per DIN					

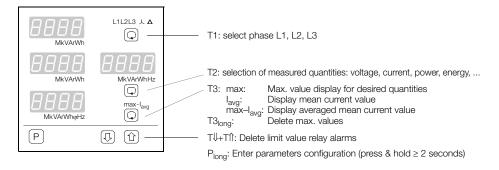
Factory Default Data Logger Parameters

Trigger: off	Pretrigger: 50%	disable Trigger: off
Sampling time: 0.3 s	Storetime: 1 min	Storemode: once
Trace 1 12: all off		

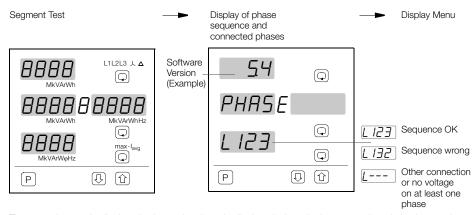
This table applies to the setting: "Set - set default".

3 Operating the A2000

3.1 Control Panel

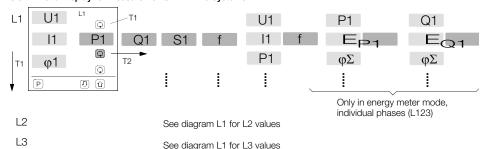


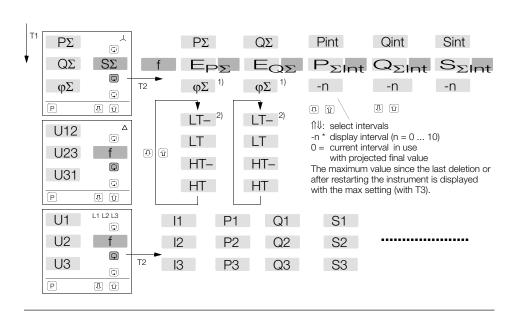
3.2 Response After Auxiliary Power is Switched On



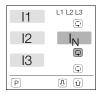
The operating mode displayed prior to shutdown is displayed when the instrument is switched on again.

3.3 Menu Display for Measurements in 4-Wire Systems





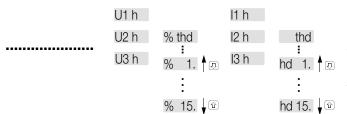
If a rotating field is established at the U or I inputs of the A2000, the neutral conductor current is displayed instead of the frequency.



L1, L2, L3, 人, △ and L123 comprise 6 display groups. If a given group is exited, the current display mode is stored to memory and is re-initialized when the group is queried again.

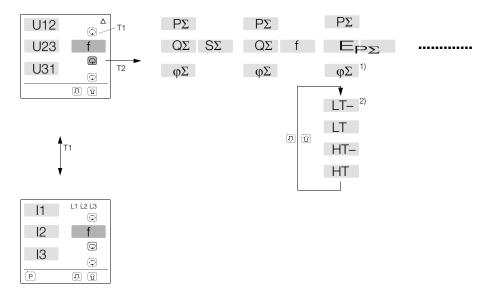
- 1) in energy meter mode L123
- 2) in energy meter mode LTHT



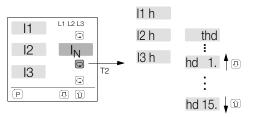


When displaying the maximum values of the harmonic, press key [P] to indicate the time and date when the respective maximum value occurred. (Function only available for version with data logger)

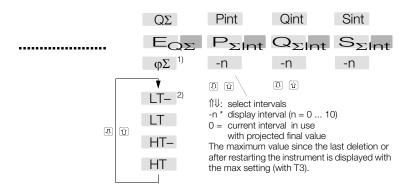
3.4 Menu Display for Measurements in 3-Wire Systems



If a rotating field is established at the U or I inputs of the A2000, the neutral conductor current is displayed instead of the frequency.



When displaying the maximum values of the harmonic, press key P to indicate the time and date when the respective maximum value occurred. (Function only available for version with data logger)



1) in energy meter mode L123 2) in energy meter mode LTHT

LT Low Tariff Export
LT Low Tariff Import
HT— High Tariff Export

HT High Tariff Import

3.5 Error Messages







Parameters Error

Error at Analog Component Calibration Error

One or more parameters have been irreparably corrupted.

Remedy: Enter Plong configurations menu.

SET USER restores the user parameter set which has been stored to memory.

SET DEFAULT restores all factory default parameters.

Check the measuring voltages with a multimeter in the direct current measuring range to see whether or not they demonstrate a direct current component of greater than 6 V.

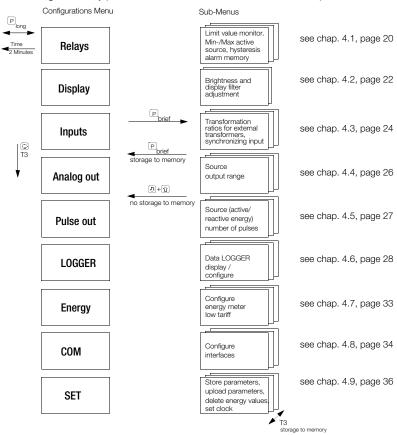
If this is not the case, the analog component is defective. Send the instrument to our service department.

The calibration values in the EEPROM have been corrupted.

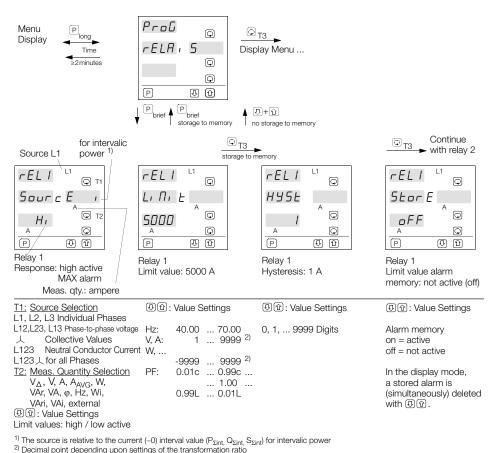
Send the instrument to our service department.

4 Configuring the A2000

Configuration changes are only possible if the 'LOCK' DIP switch is in the 'off' position.



4.1 Configuring the Limit Value Relays



Example: Limit value relay 2, but with other quantities and values.



same as Relav 1

☑ ②: Value setting

Delay 40 s

0 1. 2. 3. 5. 8. 15. 25. 40 s 1, 2, 3, 5, 8, 15, 30 min

to relay parameters:

 \bigcirc

① ①

Changes to relay parameter settings can be either disabled or enabled with the "LOCK" DIP switch. For example:

- 1. Enable changes to all parameters: 'LOCK' = position oFF, rel change = dip or on
- 2. Disable changes to all parameters: 'LOCK' = position on, rel change = dip
- 3. Disable changes to all parameters except for relay parameters: 'LOCK' = position on and rel change = on

rel change can only be set to "on" if "LOCK" has previously been set to oFF.

4.2 Adjustment of Display Brightness and Filter

Adjusting display brightness







Measuring Inputs Menu...



Adjusting display filter



Parameters for display brightness

(1) (1): Adjustment of values

0 ... 7

minimum brightness

The values are adopted immediately upon entry. For permanent setting, however, storage to memory is recommended.

7 maximum brightness

Parameters for display filter

① 1 : Adjustment of values

Time constant τ in s 0 ... 30

0 no filter effect

30 maximum filter effect

The display filter is a software filter which acts as a lowpass function with the time constant $\tau.$ A time constant between 0 and 30 s can be set to stabilize the display in the event of fluctuating input signals or interfering signals. If an input signal soars abruptly, the displayed value adjusts only gradually to the actual value, in line with the selected time constant. After 5 τ almost 100% of the input signal are displayed.

Set the time constant to 0, if the changes are to be displayed immediately and in an unfiltered manner.

4.3 Measurement Inputs, Configuring the Synchronizing Input







□_{T3} Analog Output Menu ...



⊕_{T3}

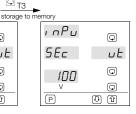
▲ Ѿ+む no storage to memory

3-Wire Connection



 \Box Pri uЕ 0 400 V ① ① P

ر م



, пР и Pri , F \bigcirc 600 kA. (T) P

⊕_{T3}

3-wire system is connected

Input transformer primary voltage: 400 V phase-to-phase

Input transformer secondary voltage: 100 V phase-to-phase

Input transformer primary current: 60.0 kA

- (1) (1) Value Settings and display of A for
- 4-wire non-balanced load 31 and display of \bigwedge for 3-wire non-balanced load
- 3L-1 and display of

 ∧ for one current transformer
- 3L13 and display of △ for one current transformer and one phase-to-phase voltage
- 4L13 and display of A for 4-wire non-balanced load and open-Y connection (see chapter 2.2)

(1) (1) Value Settings

100 V 700 V in 1V steps

500 V 800 kV in 100 V steps

② ② : Value Settings

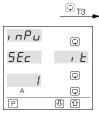
100 V 500 V

in 1 V steps

② ②: Value Settings

1 A 150 kA

5 A steps for I₊ < 5kA 50A steps for It > 5kA 500A steps for I+ > 50kA



Input transformer secondary current: 1.00 A



Input transformer adjustment current transformer



Line frequency synchronization



Synchronizing pulse every 15 minutes

① ①: Value Settings

1 or 5 A

① ①: Value Settings

0.900 ... 1.100

①①: Value Settings

All phases, voltage and current are scanned.

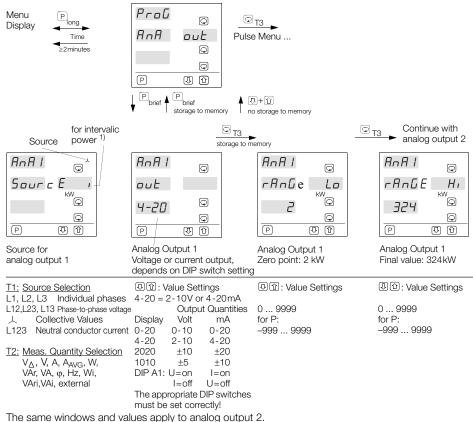
U 1-∃ Only voltages are used.

②①: Value Settings

external, 1 ... 60 minutes

<u>F = L</u> ext. synchronizing pulse to synchronizing input, or internal with selection of interval from 1 to 60 min.

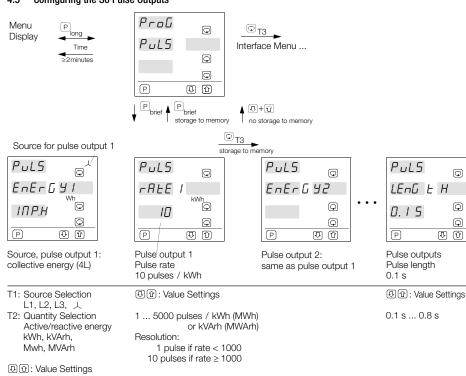
4.4 Configuring the Analog Outputs (not with Profibus-DP)



Analog outputs 3 and 4 may also be optionally included.

¹⁾ The source is relative to the latest completed interval value ($P_{\Sigma int}$, $Q_{\Sigma int}$, $S_{\Sigma int}$) for intervalic power

4.5 Configuring the SO Pulse Outputs

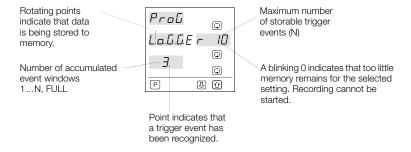


IRL = import, low tariff; IRRH = import, high tariff, Import energy from the system (positive sign) E = RL = export. low tariff; E = RH = export, high tariff, Export energy to the system (negative sign)

The import and export settings are without significance for reactive energy, which is always indicated with a positive value.

4.6 Data Logger Display and Configuration

Display for Trigger Source Setting rel 1, rel 2, both



If the data logger is not recording, the display blinks alternately: Logger/stop

Attention:

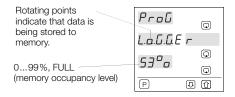
If the real-time clock has stopped, the display blinks alternately: Logger/time date

Operation of the data logger is interrupted if:

- Memory is full and the memory mode is set to "once"
- If a data logger parameter is changed (display: Logger/stop)
- The data logger is started with ① long

Attention: Memory is cleared when the data logger is started!

Display for parameter setting Trigger Source OFF



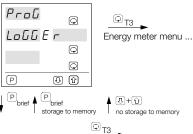
If the power supply is interrupted during a recording session, the A2000 supplements the outstanding samples after restarting the instrument:

- A value of "0" is entered for all measured quantities, except for energies (last meter reading)
- If a trigger source has been selected, the beginning of power supply interruption is always considered to be a trigger.
- If the trigger source has been set to "OFF", the beginning of power supply interruption is recorded in the time stamp of the last trigger. (Time stamp of the first trigger = start of recording)
- If power supply interruption takes longer than the remaining storage rate, the current window is completed and a new untriggered window is produced if a trigger source has been selected.

In the case of trigger source "OFF", cyclical memory mode and a power supply interruption which takes longer than the storage rate, the complete memory will be overwritten.

















Trigger source setting

Trigger source setting

External trigger disabling

Data logger Start/Stop when trigger source ≠OFF when trigger source ≠ OFF







Triggering can be disabled via the synchronization input.

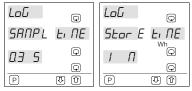


1) If the external input is used as a synchronizing input, no switching to external is possible. (Display: -no-)

The data logger can be launched and stopped via the synchronization input. Start and Stop via keyboard are not possible in this case.

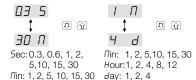


1) If the external input is used as a synchronizing input, no switching to external is possible. (Display: -no-)



Sampling time

Storage rate



Sampling time T_{Sa} , storage time T_{st} and number of traces ΣTr result in a maximum number of storable trigger events N with a memory capacity of 512 kByte

 $N = (250000 \text{ x T}_{sa}) / (T_{st} \text{ x } \Sigma \text{Tr})$

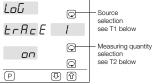
(Round N up to whole number: Nmin = 1, Nmax = 99)

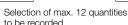
If the display blinks when the value is selected, the memory is too small for the selected setting.



Memory is overwritten cyclically when full.









The data logger is stopped when memory is full.

T1: Source Selection

L1, L2, L3 Individual phases L12,L23, L13 Phase-to phase voltage Collective Values 人

L123 Neutral conductor current

T2: Meas. Quantity Selection VA, V, A, AAVG, W,

VAr, VA, φ, Hz, Wi, VAri.VAi. Wh.

VArh, Ahd, Vhd, OFF

The source is relative to the latest completed interval value for intervalic power ($P_{\Sigma int.} Q_{\Sigma int.}$ $S_{\Sigma int}$)

If source is set to "off", all subsequent traces are of no significance (menu jumps to start trigger).

 \bigcirc

(J) (D)

1 0/1

P

L-R-F

oFF

4.7 Configuring the Energy Meter Mode/Low Tariff















Only appears for data logger, LON or Profibus variant



Energy Meter Mode



Source for Low Tariff Activation



Low Tariff Start Time



Low Tariff End Time

LIP3 = Individual phases

LEHE = Low tariff high tariff
(import / export)

Active and reactive
energy

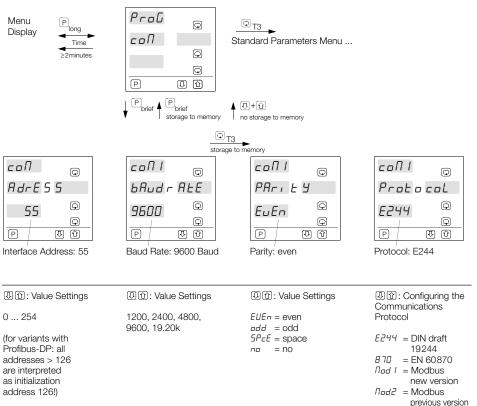
This setting only refers to the energy meters and not to the pulse outputs. After switch-over it is advisable to delete the meter readings, see chapter 4.9 on page 36. E. RE=Internal clock with data logger.

noll= Variant without data logger does not provide for low tariff function via clock.

E=E=Switch-over via synchronizing input LE = input shortcircuited HE = input open Setting same as for clock, see chapter 4.9 on page 36!! (seconds remain at zero)

If only high tariff is requested, select the same value for start time and end time.

4.8 Interface Configuration



These values apply to both the RS485 and the RS232. However, both interfaces cannot be operated simultaneously.

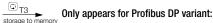
Only appears for LON interface variant:



LON service, only if key is pressed and held



LON ID: 00c000156800





Status: Wait Config

① ①: LON service

①①: Status:

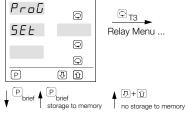
⊎cFG = Wait Config

 $F_{CC} = Frror$

Only one of these two variant options can be installed. The RS-485 interface is omitted for the LON interface variant, and the RS-485 interface with analog outputs is omitted for the Profibus DP variant.

4.9 Uploading and Deleting Parameters, Setting the Clock









Do not upload default parameters (factory presets)



Do not upload user parameters



Do not store user parameters



Do not delete meter readings

①①: settings no/yes. For reasons of safety, the ① or ② key must be pressed and held for more than 2 sec.

yes loads/stores the corresponding parameters

— yes deletes all meter readings



Only appears for data logger, LON or Profibus variant



Selection: with or without + or - sign



Selection and storage of hours and minutes (corresponding display blinks)



Selection and storage of day, month and year

①①: Status:

dr n = Reactive power per DIN 40110 without + or - sign

 $5_{i} \, \Box n = \text{Reactive power with } + \text{ or } - \text{ sign}$ $\Box c \cap P = \text{Compensating reactive power}$

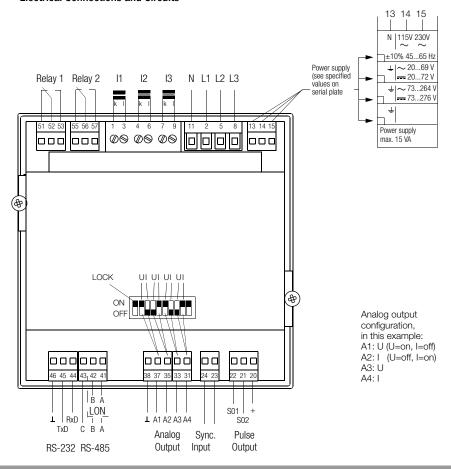
FErr = Ferraris meters

(印) : Selection:

Adjust hours and minutes (seconds are set to zero when time is saved to memory) ①①: Selection:

Adjust day, month and year

5 Electrical Connections and Circuits



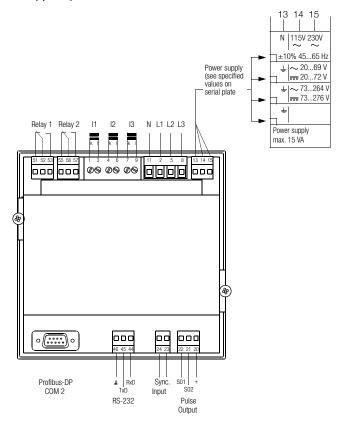
RS-232 Pin Assignments

Sub-D plug	at PC		A2000
No. of pins	25	9	RS-232
DCD	8	1	
RxD	3	2	 TxD
TxD	2	3	 RxD
DTR	20	4	
Gnd	7	5	 1
DSR	6	6	
RTS	4	7	
CTS	5	8	

RS-485 Pin Assignments (not included with LON variant)

	Master	A2000		Master	
1					
1	Α	 Α	 	 А	Matching
1	В	 В	 	 В	resistor
1	С	 С	 	 С	

Profibus DP connection (optional)



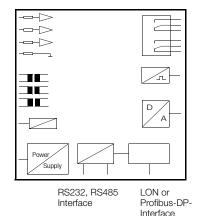
Electrically Isolated Circuits

Voltage L1 Inputs 12 13 Ν Current 11 Inputs 12 13 Synchronizina Input Power Supply (per serial plate specs) Attention:

The device is not equipped

with an integrated circuit-

breaker



Limit Value Relay 1

Limit Value Relay 2

Pulse Outputs S01, S02 (optional) common reference point +

Analog Outputs A1, A2, (A3, A4 optional) common reference point ⊥

6 Interface Description

The following sub-chapters include a brief description of the interfaces.

Please refer to the following manuals if you require a detailed description of the interface protocols:

Communications Protocol per DIN draft 19244
Communications Protocol per EN 60870
Communications Protocol per Modbus – Π ad I –
Communications Protocol per Modbus – Π ad Z –
LON Interface
Profibus Interface

Reference No. 3-349-125-03 Reference No. 3-349-128-03 Reference No. 3-349-225-03 Reference No. 3-349-129-03 Reference No. 3-349-091-03 Reference No. 3-349-092-03

(optional)

6.1 General

The instrument is equipped with an RS232, as well as an RS485 interface as standard equipment. However, only one interface may be operated at any given time. If a LON interface has been installed (optional), the RS485 interface is not included. See chapter 5 on page 38 for electrical connections. If the optional Profibus DP interface has been installed instead of the LON interface, the RS-485 and the analog outputs are omitted. See the Profibus DP interface description for electrical connections.

• Char. format: 8 data bits, 1 parity bit, 1 stop bit

Parity: even, odd, space, no

The following settings are required in order to fulfill the requirements set forth in the respective standards:

DIN draft 19244: even, if operated at a modem: no

– EN 60870: even

Modbus: even, odd, no

RS-232

Depending upon the driver software, it may be necessary to install jumpers at the master, e.g. DCD+DTR+DSR and RTS+CTS.

RS-485

If the RS485 interface is used, up to 32 instruments can be interconnected via the bus. In this case, all ABC terminals are connected to one another in parallel. Wiring must be carried out from one instrument to the next; star networks may not be implemented. For bus cables of greater than 5 meters in length, the bus should be terminated at both ends with a surge impedance (e.g. $200~\Omega$ between A and B).

6.2 Communications Protocol

The communications protocol in accordance with DIN draft 19244, EN 60870 or the Modbus protocol is used for communications between the field control and device levels. The A2000 utilizes only a subset of the functions defined in the protocol. Separate descriptions are available for each of the individual communications protocols.

The following functions are not used: query acknowledgement for individual characters and transmission control by means of record sequence bit.

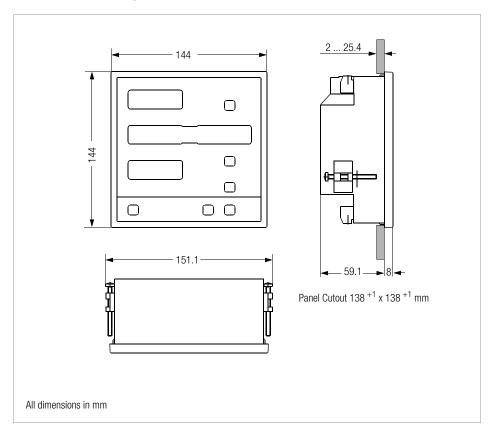
Time Response Characteristics

Ready to transmit/receive after start-up $t_{ber} > 5 \text{ s}$ Character delay time (A2000 transmitter) $t_{zvs} < 3 \text{ ms}$ Character delay time (Master) $t_{zvm} < 100 \text{ ms}$

Response delay time (A2000 transmitter) $10 \text{ ms} < t_{av} < 100 \text{ ms}$

Query waiting time after response from A2000 (master) $t_{aw} > 10 \text{ ms}$

7 Dimensional Drawing



8 **Technical Data**

Measurement Inputs Voltage Inputs 0 ... 500 ... 550 V. Phase - Phase 40 ... 70 Hz Phase – N (ground) 0 ... 290 ... 320 V. 40 ... 70 Hz Overload 1.2-fold Intrinsic Impedance $> 290 \text{ k}\Omega$ < 1.1 W Power Consumption **Current Inputs** 0 ... 1 ... 1.2 A 0 ... 5 ... 6 A Overload 1.4-fold cont. 30 A / 10 s, 100 A / 3 s Power Consumption < 150 mW Sampling Rate 32 samples per period per measurement value Measuring Error NV = nominal value. MV = measurement value \pm (0.25 % of NV + 1 digit) Current for MV > 2 % of NVVoltage \pm (0.25 % of NV + 1 digit) Power, Energy \pm (0.5 % of NV + 1 digit) Power Factor + 0.02 for U. I > 10 % of NV +0.02 Hz Frequency Load 4-Quadrant Operation Measurement: import and export, inductive and capacitive Interfaces RS-232 and RS-485 alternatively:

RS-232 and LON or RS-232 and Profibus-DP Baud Rate 1200, 2400, 4800, 9600, 19200 baud even. odd. space. no Parity

Protocol for

RS-232 and RS-485

selectable: GMC device bus (DIN draft 19244). FN 60870 or Modbus (RTU)

Synchronizing input

On short-circuited with

 $R < 10 \Omega$

Off open with $R > 10 M\Omega$

Pulse Outputs

Contact open collector

Current 10 mA ... 27 mA ON

OFF < 2 mA8 ... 30 V

External Voltage selectable 100 ... 800 ms Pulse Duration

Interpulse Period ≥ 10 ms

Analog Outputs

Output Quantity configurable

Current

Ranges 0 - 20 mA. 4 - 20 mA.

+ 20 mA max. 500 O.

Load Effect $< 0.8 \mu A / \Omega$ $(0 \dots 250 \dots 500 \Omega)$ Resolution 0.1% of control range

Frror Limit + 0.5 % of final value

Voltage

0 - 10 V, 2 - 10 V, $\pm 10 \text{ V}$ Ranges

Load < 20 mA

Load Effect no effect to $> 10 \text{ K}\Omega$ 0.1% of control range Resolution Frror Limit + 1.0% of final value

where control range = upper range limit lower range limit, e.g. 1200 W = 1500 W - 300 W

(freely selectable values)

Relay Outputs

Switching Capacity $\sim / = 250 \text{ V}. 2 \text{ A}$ 500 VA / 50 W (nominal load) Service Life > 500000 switching cycles

Display

Type 7-Segment LED

Display Color red 13.2 mm Character Height

Display Range

Energy 999999999

Power Factor 1.00 Other Quantities 9999

Internal Clock

(only in version with datalogger, LON or Profibus)

Accuracy < 2.5 s/dav

Power Supply lithium cell, life cycle appr. 8 years

Power Supply

Supply Voltage Feature H0 $230 \text{ V} / 115 \text{ V} \sim \pm 10\%$

45 ... 65 Hz

20 ... 69 V ~ 45...450 Hz Feature H1

20 ... 72 V ...

73 ... 264 V ~ 45 ... 450 Hz Feature H2

73 ... 276 V ...

20 ... 27 V ~ 45...450 Hz Feature H3 20 ... 36 V ---

Power Consumption max, 15 VA

The instrument is not equipped with an integrated circuit breaker. Therefore, during installation, care should be taken to ensure that

- the building where the instrument is installed includes a circuit breaker.

- the circuit breaker is positioned in close proximity to the instrument and is easily accessible to the operator,

- it is clearly marked as a circuit breaking device for the instrument.

Electrical Safety

Variants IEC 61010-1 / FN 61010-1

Protection Class Measuring Category

inputs: III. relavs: II

Contamination Level

 $300 \, \text{V} \sim / =$

Operating Voltage Test Voltage measuring inputs: 3.7 kV

Protection IEC 60529 / FN 60529 Front Panel IP 52 IP 30 Housing

Fuses

Terminals

The supply circuit is protected by an internally soldered fuse.

IP 20

Feature H0 T160mA/250V Feature H1 T1A/250V Feature H2 T250mA/250V Feature H3 T1.25A/250V

EMC

Interference Emission/

Interference Immunity IEC 61326 / EN 61326

Ambient Conditions

0 ... 50 °C Operating Temp. Storage Temp. - 25 ... 70 °C

Relative Humidity 75% no condensation

Housing

Front Dimensions Panel Cutout

144 x 144 mm 138 ⁺¹ x 138 ⁺¹ mm

Bezel Height 8 mm Installation Depth 59.1 mm

Weight 1 kg (without packaging) DIN screw clamps Mounting

Terminals screw clamp terminal blocks

9 Maintenance – Device Return and Environmentally Sound Disposal

Maintenance

The A2000 does not require maintenance at regular intervals.

Device Return and Environmentally Sound Disposal

The A2000 is a category 9 product (monitoring and control

instrument) in accordance with ElektroG (German electrical and electronic device law). This device is not subject to the RoHS directive.

We identify our electrical and electronic devices (as of August 2005) in accordance with WEEE 2002/96/EC and ElektroG with the symbol shown to the right per DIN EN 50419.

These devices may not be disposed of with the trash. Please contact our service department regarding the return of old devices (see chapter 9).



10 Repair and Replacement Parts Service Calibration Center and Rental Instrument Service

When you need service, please contact:

GMC-I Service GmbH Service-Center Thomas-Mann-Strasse 20 90471 Nürnberg, Germany Phone +49 911 817718-0 Fax +49 911 817718-253 E-mail service@gossenmetrawatt.com

This address is only valid in Germany.

Please contact our representatives or subsidiaries for service in other countries.

11 Product Support

When you need support, please contact:

GMC-I Messtechnik GmbH
Product Support Hotline
Phone +49 911 8602-500
Fax +49 911 8602-340
E-mail support@gossenmetrawatt.com

Edited in Germany • Subject to change without notice • A pdf version is available on the internet

GOSSEN METRAWATT

GMC-I Messtechnik GmbH Südwestpark 15 90449 Nürnberg • Germany Telefon+49 911 8602-111 Fax +49 911 8602-777 E-Mail info@gossenmetrawatt.com www.gossenmetrawatt.com